

41. The stock broker shall continue to send contract notes in the physical mode to such clients who do not opt to receive the contract notes in the electronic form. Wherever the ECNs have not been delivered to the client or has been rejected (bouncing of mails) by the e-mail ID of the client, the stock broker shall send a physical contract note to the client within the stipulated time under the extant regulations of SEBI/stock exchanges and maintain the proof of delivery of such physical contract notes.
42. In addition to the e-mail communication of the ECNs to the client, the stock broker shall simultaneously publish the ECN on his designated web-site, if any, in a secured way and enable relevant access to the clients and for this purpose, shall allot a unique user name and password to the client, with an option to the client to save the contract note electronically and/or take a print out of the same.

LAW AND JURISDICTION

43. In addition to the specific rights set out in this document, the stock broker, sub-broker and the client shall be entitled to exercise any other rights which the stock broker or the client may have under the Rules, Bye-laws and Regulations of the Exchanges in which the client chooses to trade and circulars/notices issued thereunder or Rules and Regulations of SEBI.
44. The provisions of this document shall always be subject to Government notifications, any rules, regulations, guidelines and circulars/notices issued by SEBI and Rules, Regulations and Bye laws of the relevant stock exchanges, where the trade is executed, that may be in force from time to time.
45. The stock broker and the client shall abide by any award passed by the Arbitrator(s) under the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. However, there is also a provision of appeal within the stock exchanges, if either party is not satisfied with the arbitration award.
46. Words and expressions which are used in this document but which are not defined herein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning as assigned thereto in the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges/SEBI.
47. All additional voluntary clauses/document added by the stock broker should not be in contravention with rules/regulations/notices/circulars of Exchanges/SEBI. Any changes in such voluntary clauses/document(s) need to be preceded by a notice of 15 days. Any changes in the rights and obligations which are specified by Exchanges/SEBI shall also be brought to the notice of the clients.
48. If the rights and obligations of the parties hereto are altered by virtue of change in Rules and regulations of SEBI or Bye-laws, Rules and Regulations of the relevant stock Exchanges where the trade is executed, such changes shall be deemed to have been incorporated herein in modification of the rights and obligations of the parties mentioned in this document.

INTERNET & WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY BASED TRADING FACILITY PROVIDED BY STOCK BROKERS TO CLIENT
(All the clauses mentioned in the 'Rights and Obligations' document(s) shall be applicable. Additionally, the clauses mentioned herein shall also be applicable.)

1. Stock broker is eligible for providing Internet based trading (IBT) and securities trading through the use of wireless technology that shall include the use of devices such as mobile phone, laptop with data card, etc. which use Internet Protocol (IP). The stock broker shall comply with all requirements applicable to internet based trading/securities trading using wireless technology as may be specified by SEBI & the Exchanges from time to time.
2. The client is desirous of investing/trading in securities and for this purpose, the client is desirous of using either the internet based trading facility or the facility for securities trading through use of wireless technology. The Stock broker shall provide the Stock broker's IBT Service to the Client, and the Client shall avail of the Stock broker's IBT Service, on and subject to SEBI/Exchanges Provisions and the terms and conditions specified on the Stock broker's IBT Web Site provided that they are in line with the norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
3. The stock broker shall bring to the notice of client the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with securities trading through wireless technology/internet/smart order routing or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the stock broker.
4. The stock broker shall make the client aware that the Stock Broker's IBT system itself generates the initial password and its password policy as stipulated in line with norms prescribed by Exchanges/SEBI.
5. The Client shall be responsible for keeping the Username and Password confidential and secure and shall be solely responsible for all orders entered and transactions done by any person whatsoever through the Stock broker's IBT System using the Client's Username and/or Password whether or not such person was authorized to do so. Also the client is aware that authentication technologies and strict security measures are required for the internet trading/securities trading through wireless technology through order routed system and undertakes to ensure that the password of the client and/or his authorized representative are not revealed to any third party including employees and dealers of the stock broker.
6. The Client shall immediately notify the Stock broker in writing if he forgets his password, discovers security flaw in Stock Broker's IBT System, discovers/suspects discrepancies/ unauthorized access through his username/password/account with full details of such unauthorized use, the date, the manner and the transactions effected pursuant to such unauthorized use, etc.
7. The Client is fully aware of and understands the risks associated with availing of a service for routing orders over the internet/securities trading through wireless technology and Client shall be fully liable and responsible for any and all acts done in the Client's Username/password in any manner whatsoever.
8. The stock broker shall send the order/trade confirmation through email to the client at his request. The client is aware that the order/trade confirmation is also provided on the web portal. In case client is trading using wireless technology, the stock broker shall send the order/trade confirmation on the device of the client.
9. The client is aware that trading over the internet involves many uncertain factors and complex hardware, software, systems, communication lines, peripherals, etc. are susceptible to interruptions and dislocations. The Stock broker and the Exchange do not make any representation or warranty that the Stock broker's IBT Service will be available to the Client at all times without any interruption.
10. The Client shall not have any claim against the Exchange or the Stock broker on account of any suspension, interruption, non-availability or malfunctioning of the Stock broker's IBT System or Service or the Exchange's service or systems or non-execution of his orders due to any link/system failure at the Client/Stock brokers/Exchange end for any reason beyond the control of the stock broker/Exchanges.

Annexure - 5

RISK DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT FOR CAPITAL MARKET AND DERIVATIVES SEGMENTS

This document contains important information on trading in Equities/Derivatives Segments of the stock exchanges. All prospective constituents should read this document before trading in Equities/Derivatives Segments of the Exchanges.

Stock exchanges/SEBI does neither singly or jointly and expressly nor impliedly guarantee nor make any representation concerning the completeness, the adequacy or accuracy of this disclosure document nor have Stock exchanges /SEBI endorsed or passed any merits of participating in the trading segments. This brief statement does not disclose all the risks and other significant aspects of trading.

In the light of the risks involved, you should undertake transactions only if you understand the nature of the relationship into which you are entering and the extent of your exposure to risk.

You must know and appreciate that trading in Equity shares, derivatives contracts or other instruments traded on the Stock Exchange, which have varying element of risk, is generally not an appropriate avenue for someone of limited resources/limited investment and/or trading experience and low risk tolerance. You should therefore carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in the light of your financial condition. In case you trade on Stock exchanges and suffer adverse consequences or loss, you shall be solely responsible for the same and Stock exchanges/its Clearing Corporation and/or SEBI shall not be responsible, in any manner whatsoever, for the same and it will not be open for you to take a plea that no adequate disclosure regarding the risks involved was made or that you were not explained the full risk involved by the concerned stock broker. The constituent shall be solely responsible for the consequences and no contract can be rescinded on that account. You must acknowledge and accept that there can be no guarantee of profits or no exception from losses while executing orders for purchase and/or sale of a derivative contract being traded on Stock exchanges.

It must be clearly understood by you that your dealings on Stock exchanges through a stock broker shall be subject to your fulfilling certain formalities set out by the stock broker, which may inter alia include your filling the know your client form, reading the rights and obligations, do's and don'ts, etc., and are subject to the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of relevant Stock exchanges, its Clearing Corporation, guidelines prescribed by SEBI and in force from time to time and Circulars as may be issued by Stock exchanges or its Clearing Corporation and in force from time to time.

Stock exchanges does not provide or purport to provide any advice and shall not be liable to any person who enters into any business relationship with any stock broker of Stock exchanges and/or any third party based on any information contained in this document. Any information contained in this document must not be construed as business advice. No consideration to trade should be made without thoroughly understanding and reviewing the risks involved in such trading. If you are unsure, you must seek professional advice on the same.

In considering whether to trade or authorize someone to trade for you, you should be aware of or must get acquainted with the following:-

1. BASIC RISKS:

1.1 Risk of Higher Volatility:

Volatility refers to the dynamic changes in price that a security/derivatives contract undergoes when trading activity continues on the Stock Exchanges. Generally, higher the volatility of a security/derivatives contract, greater is its price swings. There may be normally greater volatility in thinly traded securities / derivatives contracts than in active securities / derivatives contracts. As a result of volatility, your order may only be partially executed or not executed at all, or the price at which your order got executed may be substantially different from the last traded price or change substantially thereafter, resulting in notional or real losses.

1.2 Risk of Lower Liquidity:

Liquidity refers to the ability of market participants to buy and/or sell securities / derivatives contracts expeditiously at a competitive price and with minimal price difference. Generally, it is assumed that more the numbers of orders available in a market, greater is the liquidity. Liquidity is important because with greater liquidity, it is easier for investors to buy and/or sell securities / derivatives contracts swiftly and with minimal price difference, and as a result, investors are more likely to pay or receive a competitive price for securities / derivatives contracts purchased or sold. There may be a risk of lower liquidity in some securities / derivatives contracts as compared to active securities / derivatives contracts. As a result, your order may only be partially executed, or may be executed with relatively greater price difference or may not be executed at all.

1.2.1 Buying or selling securities / derivatives contracts as part of a day trading strategy may also result into losses, because in such a situation, securities / derivatives contracts may have to be sold / purchased at low / high prices, compared to the expected price levels, so as not to have any open position or obligation to deliver or receive a security / derivatives contract.

1.3 Risk of Wider Spreads:

Spread refers to the difference in best buy price and best sell price. It represents the differential between the price of buying a security / derivatives contract and immediately selling it or vice versa. Lower liquidity and higher volatility may result in wider than normal spreads for less liquid or illiquid securities / derivatives contracts. This in turn will hamper better price formation.

1.4 Risk-reducing orders:

The placing of orders (e.g., "stop loss" orders, or "limit" orders) which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts may not be effective many a time because rapid movement in market conditions may make it impossible to execute such orders.

1.4.1 A "market" order will be executed promptly, subject to availability of orders on opposite side, without regard to price and that, while the customer may receive a prompt execution of a "market" order, the execution may be at available prices of outstanding orders, which satisfy the order quantity, on price time priority. It may be understood that these prices may be significantly different from the last traded price or the best price in that security / derivatives contract.

1.4.2 A "limit" order will be executed only at the "limit" price specified for the order or a better price. However, while the customer receives price protection, there is a possibility that the order may not be executed at all.

1.4.3 A stop loss order is generally placed "away" from the current price of a stock / derivatives contract, and such order gets activated if and when the security / derivatives contract reaches, or trades through, the stop price. Sell stop orders are entered ordinarily below the current price, and buy stop orders are entered ordinarily above the current price. When the security / derivatives contract reaches the pre-determined price, or trades through such price, the stop loss order converts to a market/limit order and is executed at the limit or better. There is no assurance therefore that the limit order will be executable since a security / derivatives contract might penetrate the pre-determined price, in which case, the risk of such order not getting executed arises, just as with a regular limit order.

1.5 Risk of News Announcements:

News announcements that may impact the price of stock / derivatives contract may occur during trading, and when combined with lower liquidity and higher volatility, may suddenly cause an unexpected positive or negative movement in the price of the security / contract.

1.6 Risk of Rumors:

Rumors about companies / currencies at times float in the market through word of mouth, newspapers, websites or news agencies, etc. The investors should be wary of and should desist from acting on rumors.

1.7 System Risk:

High volume trading will frequently occur at the market opening and before market close. Such high volumes may also occur at any point in the day. These may cause delays in order execution or confirmation.

1.7.1 During periods of volatility, on account of market participants continuously modifying their order quantity or prices or placing fresh orders, there may be delays in order execution and its confirmations.

1.7.2 Under certain market conditions, it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate a position in the market at a reasonable price or at all, when there are no outstanding orders either on the buy side or the sell side, or if trading is halted in a security / derivatives contract due to any action on account of unusual trading activity or security / derivatives contract trading circuit filters or for any other reason.

1.8 System/Network Congestion:

Trading on exchanges is in electronic mode, based on satellite/leased line based communications, combination of technologies and computer systems to place and route orders. Thus, there exists a possibility of communication failure or system problems or slow or delayed response from system or trading halt, or any such other problem/g glitch whereby not being able to establish access to the trading system/network, which may be beyond control and may result in delay in processing or not processing buy or sell orders either in part or in full. You are cautioned to note that although these problems may be temporary in nature, but when you have outstanding open positions or unexecuted orders, these represent a risk because of your obligations to settle all executed transactions.

2. As far as Derivatives segments are concerned, please note and get yourself acquainted with the following additional features:-

2.1 Effect of "Leverage" or "Gearing":

In the derivatives market, the amount of margin is small relative to the value of the derivatives contract, so the transactions are 'leveraged' or 'geared'. Derivatives trading, which is conducted with a relatively small amount of margin, carries the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the margin amount. But transactions in derivatives carry a high degree of risk.

You should therefore completely understand the following statements before actually trading in derivatives and also trade with caution while taking into account one's circumstances, financial resources, etc. If the prices move against you, you may lose a part of or whole margin amount in a relatively short period of time. Moreover, the loss may exceed the original margin amount.

A. Futures trading involves daily settlement of all positions. Every day the open positions are marked to market based on the closing level of the index / derivatives contract. If the contract has moved against you, you will be required to deposit the amount of loss (marginal) resulting from such movement. This amount will have to be paid within a stipulated time frame, generally before commencement of trading on next day.

B. If you fail to deposit the additional amount by the deadline or if an outstanding debt occurs in your account, the stock broker may liquidate a part of or the whole position or substitute securities. In this case, you will be liable for any losses incurred due to such close-outs.

C. Under certain market conditions, an investor may find it difficult or impossible to execute transactions. For example, this situation can occur due to factors such as illiquidity i.e. when there are insufficient bids or offers or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers etc.

D. In order to maintain market stability, the following steps may be adopted: changes in the margin rate, increases in the cash margin rate or others. These new measures may also be applied to the existing open interests. In such conditions, you will be required to put up additional margins or reduce your positions.

E. You must ask your broker to provide the full details of derivatives contracts you plan to trade i.e. the contract specifications and the associated obligations.

2.2 Currency specific risks:

1. The profit or loss in transactions in foreign currency-denominated contracts, whether they are traded in your own or another jurisdiction, will be affected by fluctuations in currency rates where there is a need to convert from the currency denomination of the contract to another currency.

2. Under certain market conditions, you may find it difficult or impossible to liquidate a position. This can occur, for example when a currency is deregulated or fixed trading bands are widened.

3. Currency prices are highly volatile. Price movements for currencies are influenced by, among other things: changing supply-demand relationships; trade, fiscal, monetary, exchange control programs and policies of governments; foreign political and economic events and policies; changes in national and international interest rates and inflation; currency devaluation; and sentiment of the market place. None of these factors can be controlled by any individual advisor and no assurance can be given that an advisor's advice will result in profitable trades for a participating customer or that a customer will not incur losses from such events.

2.3 Risk of Option holders:

1. An option holder runs the risk of losing the entire amount paid for the option in a relatively short period of time. This risk reflects the nature of an option as a wasting asset which becomes worthless when it expires. An option holder who neither sells his option in the secondary market nor exercises it prior to its expiration will necessarily lose his entire investment in the option. If the price of the underlying does not change in the anticipated direction before the option expires, to an extent sufficient to cover the cost of the option, the investor may lose all or a significant part of his investment in the option.

2. The Exchanges may impose exercise restrictions and have absolute authority to restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

2.4 Risks of Option Writers:

1. If the price movement of the underlying is not in the anticipated direction, the option writer runs the risks of losing a substantial amount.
2. The risk of being an option writer may be reduced by the purchase of other options on the same underlying interest and thereby assuming a spread position or by acquiring other types of hedging positions in the options markets or other markets. However, even where the writer has assumed a spread or other hedging position, the risks may still be significant. A spread position is not necessarily less risky than a simple 'long' or 'short' position.
3. Transactions that involve buying and writing multiple options in combination, or buying or writing options in combination with buying or selling short the underlying interests, present additional risks to investors. Combination transactions, such as option spreads, are more complex than buying or writing a single option. And it should be further noted that, as in any area of investing, a complexity not well understood is, in itself, a risk factor. While this is not to suggest that combination strategies should not be considered, it is advisable, as is the case with all investments in options, to consult with someone who is experienced and knowledgeable with respect to the risks and potential rewards of combination transactions under various market circumstances.

3. TRADING THROUGH WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY/ SMART ORDER ROUTING OR ANY OTHER TECHNOLOGY:

Any additional provisions defining the features, risks, responsibilities, obligations and liabilities associated with securities trading through wireless technology/ smart order routing or any other technology should be brought to the notice of the client by the stock broker.

4. GENERAL

4.1 The term 'constituent' shall mean and include a client, a customer or an investor, who deals with a stock broker for the purpose of acquiring and/or selling of securities / derivatives contracts through the mechanism provided by the Exchanges.

4.2 The term 'stock broker' shall mean and include a stock broker, a broker or a stock broker, who has been admitted as such by the Exchanges and who holds a registration certificate from SEBI.

Annexure-6

GUIDANCE NOTE - DO'S AND DON'Ts FOR TRADING ON THE EXCHANGE(S) FOR INVESTORS

BEFORE YOU BEGIN TO TRADE

1. Ensure that you deal with and through only SEBI registered intermediaries. You may check their SEBI registration certificate number from the list available on the Stock exchanges www.exchange.com and SEBI website www.sebi.gov.in.
2. Ensure that you fill the KYC form completely and strike off the blank fields in the KYC form.
3. Ensure that you have read all the mandatory documents viz. Rights and Obligations, Risk Disclosure Document, Policy and Procedure document of the stock broker.
4. Ensure to read, understand and then sign the voluntary clauses, if any, agreed between you and the stock broker. Note that the clauses as agreed between you and the stock broker cannot be changed without your consent.
5. Get a clear idea about all brokerage, commissions, fees and other charges levied by the broker on you for trading and the relevant provisions/ guidelines specified by SEBI/Stock exchanges.
6. Obtain a copy of all the documents executed by you from the stock broker free of charge.
7. In case you wish to execute Power of Attorney (POA) in favour of the Stock broker, authorizing it to operate your bank and demat account, please refer to the guidelines issued by SEBI/Exchanges in this regard.

TRANSACTIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

8. The stock broker may issue electronic contract notes (ECN) if specifically authorized by you in writing. You should provide your email id to the stock broker for the same. Don't opt for ECN if you are not familiar with computers.
9. Don't share your internet trading account's password with anyone.
10. Don't make any payment in cash to the stock broker.
11. Make the payments by account payee cheque in favour of the stock broker. Don't issue cheques in the name of sub-broker. Ensure that you have a documentary proof of your payment/deposit of securities with the stock broker, stating date, scrip, quantity, towards which bank/ demat account such money or securities deposited and from which bank/ demat account.
12. Note that facility of Trade Verification is available on stock exchanges' websites, where details of trade as mentioned in the contract note may be verified. Where trade details on the website do not tally with the details mentioned in the contract note, immediately get in touch with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
13. In case you have given specific authorization for maintaining running account, payout of funds or delivery of securities (as the case may be), may not be made to you within one working day from the receipt of payout from the Exchange. Thus, the stock broker shall maintain running account for you subject to the following conditions:
 - a) Such authorization from you shall be dated, signed by you only and contains the clause that you may revoke the same at any time.
 - b) The actual settlement of funds and securities shall be done by the stock broker, at least once in a calendar quarter or month, depending on your preference. While settling the account, the stock broker shall send to you a 'statement of accounts' containing an extract from the client ledger for funds and an extract from the register of securities displaying all the receipts/deliveries of funds and securities. The statement shall also explain the retention of funds and securities and the details of the pledged shares, if any.
 - c) On the date of settlement, the stock broker may retain the requisite securities/funds towards outstanding obligations and may also retain the funds expected to be required to meet derivatives margin obligations for next 5 trading days, calculated in the manner specified by the exchanges. In respect of cash market transactions, the stock broker may retain entire pay-in obligation of funds and securities due from clients as on date of settlement and for next day's business, he may retain funds/securities/margin to the extent of value of transactions executed on the day of such

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- settlement in the cash market.
- d) You need to bring any dispute arising from the statement of account or settlement so made to the notice of the stock broker in writing preferably within 7 (seven) working days from the date of receipt of funds/securities or statement, as the case may be. In case of dispute, refer the matter in writing to the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchanges without delay.
14. In case you have not opted for maintaining running account and pay-out of funds/securities is not received on the next working day of the receipt of payout from the exchanges, please refer the matter to the stock broker. In case there is dispute, ensure that you lodge a complaint in writing immediately with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
15. Please register your mobile number and email id with the stock broker, to receive trade confirmation alerts/ details of the transactions through SMS or email, by the end of the trading day, from the stock exchanges.

IN CASE OF TERMINATION OF TRADING MEMBERSHIP

16. In case, a stock broker surrenders his membership, is expelled from membership or declared a 'defaulter', Stock exchanges give a public notice inviting claims relating to only the "transactions executed on the trading system" of Stock exchange, from the investors. Ensure that you lodge a claim with the relevant Stock exchanges within the stipulated period and with the supporting documents.
17. Familiarize yourself with the protection accorded to the money and/or securities you may deposit with your stock broker, particularly in the event of a default or the stock broker's insolvency or bankruptcy and the extent to which you may recover such money and/or securities may be governed by the Bye-laws and Regulations of the relevant Stock exchange where the trade was executed and the schema of the Investors' Protection Fund in force from time to time.

DISPUTES/COMPLAINTS

18. Please note that the details of the arbitration proceedings, penal action against the brokers and investor complaints against the stock brokers are displayed on the website of the relevant Stock exchange.
19. In case your issue/problem/grievance is not being sorted out by concerned stock broker/sub-broker then you may take up the matter with the concerned Stock exchange. If you are not satisfied with the resolution of your complaint then you can escalate the matter to SEBI.
20. Note that all the stock broker/sub-brokers have been mandated by SEBI to designate an e-mail ID of the grievance redressal division/compliance officer exclusively for the purpose of registering complaints.

This document various policies & procedures framed and followed by The Omniscient Securities Pvt. Ltd. ("Stock Broker") with respect to its dealing with its clients and as a stock broker on Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (BSE).

The policies and procedures as stated herein below are subject to change from time to time at the sole discretion of Stock Broker, depending upon regulatory changes, its risk management framework, other market conditions, etc.

The said policies & procedures which are subject to upgradation in the same from time to time are produced below for the benefit and notice of all our clients.

A. Refusal of orders for Penny Stocks and/or Illiquid Stocks

In view of the risks associated in dealing with Penny Stocks and/or Illiquid Stocks, Stock Broker would generally advise its client to desist from trading in them. Further, SEBI, BSE or Stocks Broker may issue circulars or guidelines necessitating exercising additional due diligence by the clients, for dealing in such securities.

Although, the term "Penny Stock" is not defined by BSE /SEBI, a "Penny Stock" generally refers to a stock whose characteristics include but are not limited to:

- Small market capitalization;
- Trading at a price less than its face value;
- Have unsound fundamentals and/or which may/may not be liquid (A list of Illiquid securities is jointly released by BSE from time to time.)
- Stock Broker recognizes that it is the client's privilege to choose shares in which he / she would like to trade. However, Stock Broker likes to pay special attention to dealing in "Penny Stocks". To this end:
- Stocks Broker recognizes that it is the client's privilege to choose shares in which he / she would like to trade. However, Stock Broker likes to pay special attention to dealing in "Penny Stocks". To this end:
- Stock Broker may refuse to execute any client's orders in "Penny Stocks" without assigning any reason for the same.
- Any large order for purchase or sale of a "Penny Stock" should be referred to Head - Dealing before such orders can be put in the market for execution.
- Clients must ensure that trading in "Penny Stock" does not result in creation of artificial volume or false or misleading appearance of trading. Further, clients should ensure that trading in "Penny Stock" does not operate as a device to inflate or depress or cause fluctuations in the price of such stock.
- Clients are expected not to place orders in "Penny Stock" at prices which are substantially different from the prevailing market prices. Any such order is liable to be rejected at the sole discretion of Stock Broker.
- In case of sale of "Penny Stocks", clients should ensure the delivery of shares to Stock Broker before the pay-in date.
- Under no circumstances, Stock Broker shall be responsible for non-execution/delay in execution of such orders and consequential opportunity loss or financial loss to the client.

The above list of criteria is an indicative list. Stock Broker may at its sole and absolute discretion define from time to time other category/criteria to treat a security as Penny Stocks and/or Illiquid Stocks.

B. Setting up Client's Exposure Limits:

While setting up the exposure limits for and on behalf of the clients, Stock Broker broadly takes into consideration the regulatory requirement, client profile, internal risk management policy, market conditions, etc. Considering the said parameters the exposure limit for a client would be set up as follows:

- Exposure limits for each client is determined by the Risk Management System based on the Net Worth information, clients financial capacity, prevailing market conditions and Margin deposited by

the client in form of funds/securities with Stock Broker. These limits may be set exchange-wise, segment-wise, and scrip-wise.

- The limits are determined by Risk Management Department based on the above criteria and the payment history of the client in consultation with Sales / Sales traders.
- Stock Broker retains the discretion to set and modify, from time to time any clients exposure limit decided as above.
- Whenever any client has taken or wants to take an exposure in any security, Stock Broker may call for appropriate margins in the form of early pay-in of shares or funds before or after execution of trades in the Cash segment. In case of any margin shortfall, the clients will be told to reduce the position immediately or they will be requested to deposit extra margin to meet the shortfall. Otherwise, Stock Broker may refuse to trade on behalf of such client at its own discretion.
- In case of cash segment, Stock Broker may at its sole and absolute discretion allow clean exposure limit up to certain amount to the client without insisting for any credit balance and/or margin. The quantum of clean exposure limit shall be decided by Stock Broker. On case to case Stock Broker may, at its sole and absolute discretion, give higher clean exposure limits to certain set of clients. Stock Broker reserves the right to withdraw clean exposure limit granted to the client at any point of time as its sole and absolute discretion. The client cannot raise any concern/dispute for the same.
- The Client will have to abide by the exposure limits set by Stock Broker.

C. Applicable Brokerage Rate:

For rendering the broking services, Stock Broker charges brokerage to the client. The Brokerage rate will be as per the terms agreed with the client at the time of client registration.

- Brokerage Rate is mutually decided between the Stock Broker and each client based on client's net worth, expected trading volume, etc. The maximum brokerage chargeable will not exceed the rates prescribed by SEBI, BSE and/or Securities Contract Act and Rules or any other relevant statutes.
- The applicable brokerage rate will be mentioned in the Client registration form and any change in the brokerage rate in future will be communicated to the client.

The brokerage will be exclusive of the following except in cases where it is agreed otherwise:

- Service Tax and Education Cess
- SEBI /Exchange/ Clearing member charges
- Stamp duty
- Statutory charges payable to BSE/SEBI /GOVT. Authorities etc.
- Any other charges towards customised / specialised service.

D. Imposition of penalty/delayed payment charges by either party specifying the rate and the period

(i) Imposition of penalties:

BSE/Clearing Corporation/SEBI levies penalties on the broker for irregularities observed by them during the course of business. Stock Broker shall recover such imposed penalties/levies, if any, by BSE regulator/Clearing Corporation, from the client, which arise on the account of dealings by such client. Such recovery would be by way of debit in the ledger of the client and amounts would be adjusted against the dues owed by Stock broker to the clients.

(ii) Delayed payment charges

While dealing with stock Broker it is a responsibility of the client to ensure that the required margin obligation or settlement obligation or any other dues payable to Stock Brokers are paid within the time period stipulated by BSE or Stock Broker, whichever earlier.

In the event if the client defaults in meeting its above said obligations towards Stock Broker, Stock Broker shall have absolute discretion to charge and recover from the client's account, delayed payment charges at such rate, manner, interval as may be determined by Stock Broker from time to time for the delayed period.

Delayed payment charge is only a penal measure. The Client should not construe it as funding arrangement. The client cannot demand continuation of service on a permanent basis citing levy of delayed payment charges.

The client will not be entitled to any interest on the credit balance/surplus margin available/kept with Stock Broker.

No interest or charges will be paid by Stock Broker to any client in respect of retention of funds or

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securities towards meeting future settlement obligation and in respect of running account authorization.

E. The right to sell client's securities or close client's positions, without giving notice to the client on account of non payment of clients dues:

The client shall fulfill all his/her/its settlement obligations and /or other liabilities to Stock Broker within the time frame stipulated by the Stock Broker or BSE, whichever is earlier.

Without prejudice to its other rights and remedies available under the member client agreement(s) executed/to be executed by and between the client and Stock Broker (hereinafter referred to as "the Agreement") or at law, Stock Broker shall be entitled, in its sole and absolute discretion, to liquidate/close out all or any of the client's open/outstanding position, sell the client's securities (whether approved by Stock Broker or not) available with Stock Broker at any time to recover its dues without giving any notice to the client in the following circumstances:

- If the client fails to pay any margin, settlement obligations and / or other liabilities to Stock Broker within the time frame stipulated time frame;
- In the event that the market value of the client securities, lying as margin or bought by the client for which payment is not made by client, for any reason fall or is anticipated to fall, or circumstances arise or are likely to arise which may in the sole opinion of Stock Broker jeopardize its interest and expose it or is likely to expose it to any financial loss or damage.

Any and all losses (actual or notional), financial charges, damages on account of such liquidation/sell closing-out shall be borne by the client only.

F. Shortages in obligations arising out of Internal netting of trades

- To determine the net obligation of a broker / trading-cum-clearing member (for securities and funds) in a settlement, clearing house does the netting of trades at the broker level. It is possible that a broker's net obligation towards clearing house may be nil but because of default by one or more clients in satisfying their obligations towards the broker, the broker internally might have shortages in fulfilling its obligation towards the other client(s). In such a situation, Stock Broker shall endeavor to collect the securities from the selling client and deliver it to the purchasing client within 48 hours, of the settlement date. In case the selling client is unable to deliver the securities within 48 hours, then Stock Broker shall attempt to purchase the securities from the market and deliver it to the purchasing client. If Stock Broker is unable to obtain the securities from the market, the transaction will be closed-out as per the auction rate prescribed by the Exchange for that scrip and the closing amount will be credited to the purchasing client and same will be debited to the selling client.

- In case of shortage in meeting the settlement obligation, either party shall endeavor to make good such shortage through securities / value of shortage as per the Rules, Regulations and Bye-laws of the respective stock exchange(s).

G. Conditions under which a client may not be allowed to take further position or the broker may close the existing position of the client.

Stock Broker shall have absolute discretion and authority to limit client's volume of business or to close any existing position of a client without giving any prior notice to the client under the following mentioned conditions:

- Extreme volatility in the market or in particular scrip or in the F & O segment.
- There is shortfall in the margin deposited by client with Stock Broker.
- There is insider trading restrictions on the client.
- There are any unforeseen adverse market conditions or any natural calamity affecting the operation of the market.
- There are any restrictions imposed by Exchanges or Regulator on the volume of trading outstanding positions of contracts.
- The client is undertaking any illegal trading practice or the client is suspected to be indulging in money laundering activities.
- Stock Broker has reached its limit in that scrip.
- The Client has breached the client-wise limit.
- The Client has taken or intends to take new position in a security which is in the banned period.
- Due to abnormal rise or fall in the market, the markets are closed.
- Failure by the client in providing sufficient/adequate margin(s) and/or insufficient/inadequate free

credit balance available in client's broking account with Stock Broker.

Hi. Temporarily suspending or closing a client's account based at the Client's request:

- Any client desirous of temporarily suspending his/her its trading account has to give such request in writing to the Management. After management's approval, further dealing in such client's account will be blocked. Whenever trade has to be resumed in any suspended client account, a request in writing should be made by the client to the management and the management may ask for updated financial information and other details for reactivating such account. After receiving necessary documents, details, etc. and approval from the management, the client account will be reactivated and transaction will be carried out.
- Similarly, any client desirous of closing his/her/its accounts permanently is required to inform in writing and the decision in this regard will be taken by the management. After necessary approval from the management, the client code will be deactivated. Only after scrutinizing the compliance requirements and a "no pending queries" confirmation is taken, securities and funds accounts will be settled.

I. Deregistering a Client:

Stock Broker may, at its sole and absolute discretion, decide to deregister a particular client. The illustrative circumstances under which Stock Broker may deregister a client are given below:

- SEBI or any other regulatory body has passed an order against such client, prohibiting or suspending such client from participating in the securities market.
- Such client has been indicated by a regulatory body or any government enforcement agency in case of market manipulation or insider trading or any other case involving violation of any law, rule regulation, guideline or circular governing securities market.
- Such client is suspected of indulging in illegal or criminal activities including fraud or money laundering.
- Such client's name appears in the UN list of prohibited entities or in the SEBI debarred list.
- Such client's account has been lying dormant for a long time or the client is not traceable.
- Such client has been declared insolvent or any legal proceedings to declare his/her/its as insolvent have been initiated.
- Such client has been irregular in fulfilling obligations towards margin or settlement dues.
- Such client has a tainted reputation and any business relationship with such clients is likely to tarnish the reputation of Stock Broker or may act as detriment to Stock Broker prospects.
- Under no circumstances, any action taken by stock Broker in any of the above circumstances till the date of registration shall be challenged by the client and stock broker shall not be liable to the client for any loss or damage (actual/notional), which may be caused to the client as a result.

J. Policy for Inactive clients / Dormant Account Policy:

- Any client who has not traded in any segment of BSE with Stock Broker for last six months calculated from the beginning of every financial year or such other period as may be decided by Stock Broker at its sole and absolute discretion then such client would be termed as a Dormant/Inactive Client.
- The broking account of such client shall be deactivated / suspended temporarily by Stock Broker. If the client wants to activate the broking account then a request for reactivating the broking account should be sent in writing. Such request for reactivation should be accompanied along with such documentary evidence as may be specified by Stock Broker from time to time.
- If the client is tagged as a Dormant / Inactive client, then the funds / securities lying with Stock Broker may be refunded / returned to the clients at his/her/ its last known bank account/DP account or send at last known address of the client as per Stock Broker record.

Signature of the Client



Tariff Sheet

Equity Segment

Delivery Brokerage _____ % Minimum _____

Square Up Brokerage _____ % Minimum _____

Futures Segment

Brokerage _____ % Minimum _____

Options Brokerage Rs. _____ per lot.

NON-MANDATORY

RUNNING ACCOUNT AUTHORISATION

Authorisation to The Omniscient Securities Pvt. Ltd.

- a) I would like to keep securities purchased by me with you as collateral for giving me exposure limits in my trading account/margin obligation. I authorize you not to transfer shares/securities purchased by me to my demat beneficiary account and keep them with yourselves. I also authorise you to pledge these shares/ securities with the Clearing Member/ Exchange/ Custodian, at your discretion. In case any of the shares/ securities are sold in subsequent settlements, you may take this as a standing instruction to adjust against my previous purchase positions in any of Exchanges.
- b) Whenever I require delivery of any shares/securities, I shall send you a written request. I understand that such payout of securities will be made subject to your risk management policies.
- c) In case there is a debit balance in my account, you are authorized to sell at any point of time the shares/ securities held by me/held on my behalf, at your sole discretion. Any profit or loss made on such transactions will be to my account as it would have occurred on normal purchase/ sale made by me. I also agree to pay the balance amount, if any after deducting credit of sale of shares.
- d) I also request you not to issue cheques /make payments settlement wise unless specifically demanded by me, as pay-in and payout are very close and therefore exchange of cheque becomes unnecessary paper work.
- e) We understand and agree that no interest will be payable to me/us on the amounts or securities so retained with you.
- f) I further authorise you to set off/ adjust any of my debits/dues in any segment of any Exchange with credits of any other segment(s) of any Exchange(s) in my account within the period of settlement of my account (Securities and Funds) as opted by me.
- g) The Securities lying in client beneficiary account on my/our behalf and/or credit balances lying in my /our ledger account of any segments of any Exchanges can be considered as margin for the any segments of any Exchanges.

X

h) I/we understand that this authorization shall remain valid until revoked by me/us. I/we undertake to clear all my dues arising during the validity of this authorization else the member shall recover all my/our dues in my/our ledger till date.

i) I also note that I may revoke the authorisation at any time by giving a written notice to your office. I also undertake to clear all my dues to you before serving revocation of this authorisation else the member will recover all my dues in my ledger till date and then effect the revocation.

j) I also undertake to bring any dispute arising from Statement of accounts or settlement so made to your notice within seven working days from the date of receipt of funds/securities or Statement as the case may be.

I/We further wish to have settlement of my account (funds and securities):-

Once in Quarter

Once in Month

(Tick any one option)

~~Considering the administrative / operational difficulties in settling the accounts for regular trading clients, I/We request you to kindly retain an amount of upto Rs. 10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) while settling the account.~~

I understand that settlement amount shall be subject to retention of requisite securities/ funds towards outstanding obligations and margins in my account calculated in the manner specified by SEBI/ Exchange and details mentioned in the "Statement of Account" at the time of settlement. I authorise you to send the statement of account on funds and securities as on the date of settlement to my internet trading account or e-mail id registered with you.

So kindly maintain my account as a running account basis for funds and securities.

Thanking you.

Signature 

FATCA & CRS - SELF CERTIFICATION FORM FOR INDIVIDUALS

Client Code <input type="text"/>	Demat ac no <input type="text"/>		
Particulars	First Account Holder	Second Account Holder	Third Account Holder
Name of the Account Holder			
City of Birth:			
Country of Birth:			
Address for Tax purpose:	<input type="checkbox"/> Same as mailing <input type="checkbox"/> Same as permanent	<input type="checkbox"/> Same as mailing <input type="checkbox"/> Same as permanent	<input type="checkbox"/> Same as mailing <input type="checkbox"/> Same as permanent
Address Type for the above:	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential or Business <input type="checkbox"/> Residential <input type="checkbox"/> Business <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Office	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential or Business <input type="checkbox"/> Residential <input type="checkbox"/> Business <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Office	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential or Business <input type="checkbox"/> Residential <input type="checkbox"/> Business <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Office
Nationality (if national of more than one country, please mention all the countries, separated by a comma)			
Father's Name (mandatory if PAN not provided)			
Spouse's Name:			
Identification Type- Documents submitted as proof of Identity of the Individual	<input type="checkbox"/> Passport <input type="checkbox"/> Election / Voter's ID card <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Card / Letter <input type="checkbox"/> PAN Card <input type="checkbox"/> Driving License <input type="checkbox"/> Others (pls specify) _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Passport <input type="checkbox"/> Election / Voter's ID card <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Card / Letter <input type="checkbox"/> PAN Card <input type="checkbox"/> Driving License <input type="checkbox"/> Others (pls specify) _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Passport <input type="checkbox"/> Election / Voter's ID card <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Card / Letter <input type="checkbox"/> PAN Card <input type="checkbox"/> Driving License <input type="checkbox"/> Others (pls specify) _____
Identification Number - for the identification type mentioned above			

Are you a tax-resident of any country other than India?

First account holder: YES NO

Second account holder: YES NO

Third account holder: YES NO

If yes, please indicate all countries in which you are resident for tax purposes and the associated Tax Reference Number's below:

Account holder details	Name of Customer	Country/(ies) of Tax residency #	Tax Identification Number (TIN) %	Identification Type (TIN or Other %, please specify)
First				
Second				
Third				

To also include USA, where the individual is a citizen/green card holder of USA

% In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide functional equivalents

Certification: I/We have understood the information requirements of this Form as per the CBOT notified Rules 114F to 114H and hereby confirm that the information provided by me/us in this Form is true, correct, and complete. I/We also confirm that I/We have read and understood the Terms and Conditions below and hereby accept the same. I/We understand that my personal details as provided/available in the bank records will be used for CBOT reporting.

Form is self-certified

Signature of Sub-Account Holder

Signature of Third Account Holder

Date: / /

Date: / /

FATCA & CRS - SELF CERTIFICATION FORM FOR INDIVIDUALS

CBDT Terms and Conditions

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has notified Rules 114F to 114H, as part of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, which Rules require Indian financial institutions such as the Custodian / Depository to seek additional personal, tax and beneficial owner information and certain certifications and documentation from all our account holders. In relevant cases, information will have to be reported to tax authorities/ appointed agencies. Towards compliance, we may also be required to provide information to any institutions such as withholding agents for the purpose of ensuring appropriate withholding from the account or any proceeds in relation thereto. Should there be any change in any information provided by you, please ensure you advise us promptly, i.e., within 30 days. Please note that you may receive more than one request for information if you have multiple demat account with _____. Therefore, it is important that you respond to our request, even if you believe you have already supplied any previously requested information.

CBDT Terms and Conditions

If you have any questions about your tax residency, please contact your tax advisor. If you are a US citizen or resident or green card holder, please include United States in the foreign country information field along with your US Tax Identification Number.

It is mandatory to supply a TIN or functional equivalent if the country in which you are tax resident issues such identifiers. If no TIN is yet available or has not yet been issued, please provide an explanation and attach this to the form. In case customer has the following indicia pertaining to a foreign country and yet declares self to be non-tax resident in the respective country, customer to provide relevant *Supporting Documents* as mentioned below:

FATCA/CRS Indicia observed (checked)		Documentation required for Cure of FATCA/CRS Indicia
		If customer does not agree to be Specified U.S. person / reportable person status
1	U.S. place of birth	1. Self-certification (in attached format) that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a resident for tax purposes; 2. Non-US passport or any non-US government issued document evidencing nationality or citizenship (refer list below); AND 3. Any one of the following documents: a. Certified Copy of Certificate of Loss of Nationality or b. Reasonable explanation of why the customer does not have such a certificate despite renouncing US citizenship; or Reason the customer did not obtain U.S. citizenship at birth
2	Residence (mailing address in a country other than India)	1. Self-certification (in attached format) that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a resident for tax purposes; and 2. Documentary evidence (refer list below)
3	Telephone number in a country other than India (and no telephone number in India provided)	1. Self-certification (in attached format) that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a resident for tax purposes; and 2. Documentary evidence (refer list below)
4	Standing instructions to transfer funds to an account maintained in a country other than India	1. Self-certification (in attached format) that the account holder is neither a citizen of United States of America nor a resident for tax purposes; and 2. Documentary evidence (refer list below)

List of acceptable documentary evidence needed to establish the residence(s) for tax purposes:

1. Certificate of residence issued by an authorized government body
2. Valid identification issued by an authorized government body (e.g. Passport, National Identity card, etc.)
3. Government or agency memo, or a municipality

Points to be added in KYC Document:

I would like to receive following documents through email on my registered email ID/physical documents

- Rights & Obligations of stock broker, sub-broker and client for trading on exchanges (including additional rights & obligations in case of internet/wireless technology based trading);
- Uniform Risk Disclosure Documents (for all segments/exchange)
- Guidance Note detailing Do's and Don'ts for trading on stock exchanges.

Clause to be added in Running Account Authorisation Page

I Hereby authorize you to retain the funds upto 10,000/- for settlement of account in a :

Calendar quarter



Once in a month



Nomination Form

[Annexure A to SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/RTAMB/CIR/P/2021/601 dated July 23, 2021 on Mandatory Nomination for Eligible Trading and Demat Accounts]

TM / DP Name and Address		FORM FOR NOMINATION (To be filled in by individual applying singly or jointly)																					
Date	D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y	UCC/DP ID	I	N					Client ID							
I/We wish to make a nomination. [As per details given below]																							
Nomination Details																							
I/We wish to make a nomination and do hereby nominate the following person(s) who shall receive all the assets held in my / our account in the event of my / our death.																							
Nomination can be made upto three nominees in the account.						Details of 1st Nominee						Details of 2nd Nominee						Details of 3rd Nominee					
1	Name of the nominee(s) (Mr./Ms.)																						
2	Share of each Nominee	Equally <small>[If not equally, please specify percentage]</small>					%						%						%				
<i>Any odd lot after division shall be transferred to the first nominee mentioned in the form.</i>																							
3	Relationship With the Applicant (If Any)																						
4	Address of Nominee(s)																						
		City / Place:																					
		State & Country:																					
		PIN Code																					
5	Mobile / Telephone No. of nominee(s)																						
6	Email ID of nominee(s)																						
7	Nominee Identification details – [Please tick any one of following and provide details of same] <input type="checkbox"/> Photograph & Signature <input type="checkbox"/> PAN <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar <input type="checkbox"/> Saving Bank account no. <input type="checkbox"/> Proof of Identity <input type="checkbox"/> Demat Account ID																						
Sr. Nos. 8-14 should be filled only if nominee(s) is a minor:																							
8	Date of Birth {in case of minor nominee(s)}																						
9	Name of Guardian (Mr./Ms.) {in case of minor nominee(s)}																						
10	Address of Guardian(s)																						

	City / Place: State & Country:						
		PIN Code					
11	Mobile / Telephone no. of Guardian						
12	Email ID of Guardian						
13	Relationship of Guardian with nominee						
14	Guardian Identification details – [Please tick any one of following and provide details of same] <input type="checkbox"/> Photograph & Signature <input type="checkbox"/> PAN <input type="checkbox"/> Aadhaar Saving Bank account no. <input type="checkbox"/> Proof of Identity <input type="checkbox"/> Demat Account ID						
Name(s) of holder(s)						Signature(s) of holder*	
Sole / First Holder (Mr./Ms.)							
Second Holder (Mr./Ms.)							
Third Holder (Mr./Ms.)							

* Signature of witness, along with name and address are required, if the account holder affixes thumb impression, instead of signature

Note:

This nomination shall supersede any prior nomination made by the account holder(s), if any.

The Trading Member / Depository Participant shall provide acknowledgement of the nomination form to the account holder(s)



Declaration Form for opting out of nomination

[Annexure B to SEBI circular No.

**SEBI/HO/MIRSD/RTAMB/CIR/P/2021/601 dated July23, 2021 on
Mandatory Nomination for Eligible Trading and Demat Accounts]**

To	Date	D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y
Trading Member/Participant's Name									
Trading Member/Participant's Address									
UCC/DP ID	I	N							
Client ID (only for Demat account)									
Sole/First Holder Name									
Second Holder Name									
Third Holder Name									
I / We hereby confirm that I / We do not wish to appoint any nominee(s) in my / our trading / demat account and understand the issues involved in non-appointment of nominee(s) and further are aware that in case of death of all the account holder(s), my / our legal heirs would need to submit all the requisite documents / information for claiming of assets held in my / our trading / demat account, which may also include documents issued by Court or other such competent authority, based on the value of assets held in the trading / demat account.									
Name and Signature of Holder(s)*									
1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____									

* Signature of witness, along with name and address are required, if the account holder affixes thumb impression, instead of signature